

Base SAS Programming

1. SAS Programming 1: Essentials

Duration: 2.5 Days

This course is for users who want to learn how to write SAS programs to access, explore, prepare, and analyze data. It is the entry point to learning SAS programming for data science, machine learning, and artificial intelligence. It is a prerequisite to many other SAS courses.

Learn how to

use SAS Studio and SAS Enterprise Guide to write and submit SAS programs access SAS, Microsoft Excel, and text data explore and validate data prepare data by subsetting rows and computing new columns analyze and report on data export data and results to Excel, PDF, and other formats use SQL in SAS to query and join tables.

Who should attend

Anyone starting to write SAS programs

Prerequisites

Before attending this course, you should have experience using computer software. Specifically, you should be able to

understand file structures and system commands on your operating systems access data files on your operating systems.

No prior SAS experience is needed.

Course Contents

Essentials

the SAS programming process using SAS programming tools understanding SAS syntax

Accessing Data

understanding SAS data accessing data through libraries





importing data

into SAS Exploring

and Validating Data

exploring data filtering rows formatting columns sorting data and removing duplicates

Preparing Data

reading and filtering data computing new columns conditional processing

Analyzing and Reporting on Data

enhancing reports with titles, footnotes, and labels creating frequency reports creating summary statistics reports

Exporting Results

exporting data exporting reports

Using SQL in SAS

using Structured Query Language in SAS joining tables using SQL in SAS





2. SAS Programming 2: Data Manipulation Techniques

Duration: 2.5 Days

This course is for those who need to learn data manipulation techniques using the SAS DATA step and procedures to access, transform, and summarize data. The course builds on the concepts that are presented in the SAS Programming 1: Essentials course and is not recommended for beginning SAS software users.

Learn how to

understand and control DATA step processing create an accumulating column and process data in groups manipulate data with functions convert column type create custom formats concatenate and merge tables process repetitive code restructure tables.

Who should attend

Business analysts and SAS programmers

Prerequisites

Before attending this course, you should be able to do the following:

write DATA step code to subset rows and columns, compute new columns, and process data conditionally sort tables using the SORT procedure apply SAS formats

Course Contents

Controlling DATA Step Processing

setting up for this course understanding DATA step processing

directing DATA step output

Summarizing Data

creating an accumulating column processing data in groups





Manipulating Data with Functions

understanding SAS functions and CALL routines using numeric and date functions using character functions using special functions to convert column type

Creating Custom Formats

creating and using custom formats creating custom formats from tables

Combining Tables

concatenating tables merging tables identifying matching and nonmatching rows

Processing Repetitive Code

using iterative DO loops using conditional DO loops

Restructuring Tables

restructuring data with the DATA step restructuring data with the TRANSPOSE procedure





SAS Macro Language 1: Essentials

Duration: 14.0 hours

This course focuses on the components of the SAS macro facility and how to design, write, and debug macro systems. Emphasis is placed on understanding how programs with macro code are processed.

Learn how to

perform text substitution in SAS code automate and customize the production of SAS code conditionally or iteratively construct SAS code use macro variables and macro functions.

Who should attend: Experienced SAS programmers who have a sound understanding of DATA step processing and who want to write SAS programs that are reusable and dynamic

Prerequisites

Before attending this course, you should have completed the SAS Programming 2: Data Manipulation Techniques course or have equivalent knowledge. Specifically, you should be able to

use a DATA step to read from or write to a SAS data set or external file use DATA step programming statements such as IF-THEN/ELSE, DO WHILE, DO UNTIL, and iterative DO use SAS data set options such as DROP=, KEEP=, and OBS= use character functions such as SUBSTR, SCAN, INDEX, and UPCASE form subsets of data using the WHERE clause create and use SAS date values and constants use SAS procedures such as SORT, PRINT, CONTENTS, MEANS, FREQ, TABULATE, and CHART.

Software Addressed

This course addresses Base SAS software. This course is appropriate for students who are using SAS 9 software.

Course Contents

Introduction

overview of SAS Foundation course logistics course data files





purpose of the macro facility program flow

Macro Variables

introduction to macro variables automatic macro variables macro variable references user-defined macro variables delimiting macro variable references macro functions

Macro Definitions

defining and calling a macro macro parameters

DATA Step and SQL Interfaces

creating macro variables in the DATA step indirect references to macro variables creating macro variables in SQL

Macro Programs

conditional processing parameter validation iterative processing global and local symbol tables

Learning More

SAS resources beyond this course

Supplemental Materials

program flow





SAS SQL 1: Essentials

Duration: 17.5 hours

This outline is provisional and subject to change.

This course teaches you how to process SAS data using Structured Query Language (SQL).

Learn how to

query and subset data summarize and present data combine tables, including complex joins and merges create and modify table views and indexes replace multiple DATA and PROC steps with one SQL query.

Who should attend: SAS programmers and business analysts

Prerequisites

Before attending this class, you should be able to

submit SAS programs on your operating system create and access SAS data sets use arithmetic, comparison, and logical operators invoke SAS procedures.

You can gain this experience from the *SAS Programming 1: Essentials* course. No knowledge of SQL is necessary.

Software Addressed

This course addresses Base SAS software. This course is appropriate for students who are using SAS 9 software.

Course Contents

Introduction

overview of SAS Foundation course logistics course data files introducing the Structured Query Language

Basic Queries





overview of the SQL procedure specifying columns specifying rows

Displaying Query Results

presenting data summarizing data

SQL Joins

introduction to SQL joins inner joins outer joins complex SQL joins

Subqueries

noncorrelated subqueries in-line views

Set Operators

introduction to set operators the UNION operator the OUTER UNION operator the EXCEPT operator the INTERSECT operator

Creating Tables and Views

creating tables with the SQL procedure creating views with the SQL procedure

Advanced PROC SQL Features

dictionary tables and views using SQL procedure options interfacing PROC SQL with the macro language

Learning More

SAS resources beyond this cours





SAS Programming 3: Advanced Techniques and Efficiencies

Duration: 21.0 hours

This course is for SAS programmers who prepare data for analysis. The comparisons of manipulation techniques and resource cost benefits are designed to help programmers choose the most appropriate technique for their data situation.

Learn how to compare various SAS programming techniques that enable you to

benchmark computer resource usage control memory, I/O, and CPU resources create and use indexes combine data horizontally use hash and hiter DATA step component objects and arrays as lookup tables compress SAS data sets sample your SAS data sets create and use SAS data views safely reduce the length of numeric variables create user-defined functions and informats.

Who should attend: Experienced SAS programmers

Prerequisites

This course is **not** appropriate for beginning SAS software users. Before attending this course, you should have at least nine months of SAS programming experience and should have completed the SAS Programming 2: Data Manipulation Techniques course. Specifically, you should be able to do the following:

understand your operating system file structures and perform basic operating system tasks

understand programming logic concepts

understand the compilation and execution processes of the DATA step use different varieties of input to create SAS data sets from external files use SAS software to access SAS libraries

create and use SAS date values

read, concatenate, merge, match-merge, and interleave SAS data sets use the DROP=, KEEP=, and RENAME= data set options

create multiple output data sets

use one-dimensional array processing and DO loops to process data iteratively use SAS functions to perform data manipulation and transformations use the FORMAT procedure to create user-defined formats.

Software Addressed

This course addresses Base SAS software. This course is appropriate for students who are using SAS 9 software.





Course Contents

Introduction

overview of SAS Foundation course logistics creating the course data

Efficient SAS Programming

identifying computer resources related to efficiency

Controlling I/O Processing and Memory

SAS DATA step processing controlling I/O reducing the length of numeric variables compressing SAS data sets using SAS views

Accessing Observations

access methods accessing observations by number creating an index using an index

DATA Step Arrays

introduction to lookup techniques one-dimensional arrays multidimensional arrays loading a multidimensional array from a SAS data set

DATA Step Hash and Hiter Objects

introduction hash object methods loading a hash object from a SAS data set DATA step hiter object

Combining Data Horizontally

DATA step merges and SQL procedure joins using an index to combine data combining summary and detail data combining data conditionally





User-Defined Functions and Formats

user-defined functions user-defined formats

Learning More

areas of support from SAS other courses to consider

Combining Raw Data Files Vertically

combining raw data files vertically





SAS Data Integration Studio: Fast Track

Duration: 4.0 days

This course is a boot camp that covers the content of both SAS Data Integration Studio: Essentials and SAS Data Integration Studio: Additional Topics It introduces and

expands the knowledge of SAS Data Integration Studio and includes topics for registering sources and targets; creating and working with jobs; and working with transformations. This course also covers information on working with slowly changing dimensions, working with the Loop transformations, and defining new transformations.

Learn how to

register source data and target tables create jobs and explore the functionality of the job editor work with many of the various transformations work with slowly changing dimensions work with Loop transformations create new transformations examine impact analysis examine exporting and importing of metadata establish checkpoints in job flow deploy jobs for scheduling deploy jobs as SAS Stored Processes.

Who should attend

Data integration developers and data integration architects

Prerequisites

Before attending this course, you should have experience with

SAS programming basics
SQL processing the SAS macro facility.

You can gain this experience by completing the SAS Programming 1: Essentials, SAS SQL 1: Essentials, and SAS Macro Language 1: Essentials courses.

Software Addressed

SAS Analytics Platform, SAS Data Integration Studio, SAS Data Quality Solution





Course Contents

Introduction
exploring the platform for SAS Business Analytics
introduction to the Data Management applications
introduction to the classroom environment and the course tasks

Working with Change Management

introduction to change management environment (Self-Study)

Creating Metadata for Source Data

setting up the environment registering source data metadata

Creating Metadata for Target Data

registering target data metadata importing metadata

Creating Metadata for Jobs

introduction to jobs and the job editor using the Join transformation

Orion Star Case Study

defining and loading the customer dimension table defining and loading the organization dimension table defining and loading the time dimension table

Additional Features for Jobs

importing SAS code propagation and mapping chaining jobs performance statistics metadata reports

Working with Transformations

using the extract and summary statistics transformations exploring SQL transformations establishing status handling using the Data Validation transformation using the Transpose, Sort, Append, Rank, and List Data transformations





using the Apply Lookup Standardization, Standardize with Definition and One-Way Frequency transformations(self-study)

Working with the Loop Transformations

introduction to the loop transformations iterating a job iterating a transformation

Working with Slowly Changing Dimensions

defining slowly changing dimensions using the SCD Type 2 Loader and Lookup transformations using the SCD Type 1 Loader transformations introducing the Change Data Capture transformations (self-study)

Creating Custom Transformations

using the new transformation Wizard using the new transformation wizard

Working with the Table Loader Transformations

exploring the basics of the Table Loader transformations exploring the load styles of the Table Loader transformation managing indexes and constraints during loading exploring bulk loading for DBMS tables

Working with Databases

introduction to In-Database processing using In-Database processing exploring ELT processing using DBMS functions

Additional Topics for SAS Data Integration Studio Users

overview
analyzing metadata using impact analysis
comparing tables
conditional execution
metadata promotion
version control
establishing checkpoints





Deploying Jobs introduction deploying jobs for scheduling deploying jobs in batch deploying jobs as stored processes

Implementing Data Quality Techniques (self-study)

verifying data quality settings using the DataFlux transformation

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